



GRADE 12

(الخطة العلاجية للفصل الثاني - الصف 12)

REMEDIAL PLAN SECOND TERM (2021 - 2022)



VOCABULARY ITEMS
GRAMMAR PRACTICE
FUNCTIONS
SET BOOK QUESTIONS
WRITING
READING COMPREHENSION
SUMMARY MAKING
TRANSLATION

STUDENT'S NAME:

CLASS: GROUP:

ملاحظة: تهدف هذه الخطة العلاجية للرفع من مستوى الطالب و هي لا تغني عن كتاب الدروس و لا عن كتاب التمارين



----SAMI BIN YOUNES----

ABDALLAH BIN ABBAS SECONDARY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 cardiovascular	adj.	of or relating to the heart and blood vessels	
2 centenarian	n	a person who is one hundred or more years old	
3 commentary	n	the expression of opinions or explanations about an event or situation	
4 cycle	v	to ride a bicycle	
5 elderly	adj.	(of a person) old or aging	
6 expectation	n	a strong belief that something will happen or be the case in the future	
7 geriatric	adj.	of or relating to old people, esp. with regard to their health care	
8 honour	v	to treat someone with special respect	
9 integral	adj.	essential or fundamental	
10 onerous	adj.	(of a task, duty, or responsibility) involving an amount of effort and difficulty that is oppressively burdensome	
11 supple	adj.	bending and moving easily and gracefully; flexible	
12 vigorous	adj.	(of a person) strong, healthy, and full of energy	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES**A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:**

1. My grandmother is suffering from a disease.

- a. cardiovascular b. supple c. elderly d. vigorous

2. Practicing sport everyday makes your body healthy and

- a. integral b. geriatric c. vigorous d. elderly

3. The engine is a / an part of any motorized vehicle.

- a. supple b. cardiovascular c. elderly d. integral

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(expectation - honour - onerous - centenarian - geriatric - cycle)

4. Workers often complain that their jobs are and their salaries are low.

5. My that my team would win the match proved to be true.

6. It's extremely beneficial to every morning for few kilometers.

7. As a, my grandfather thinks that the world has changed radically.

8. Better efforts must be done by scientists to fight many diseases.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

1. What should people do to live long?

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2. What physical activities can a person do to stay active?

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3. What mental activities can a person do to stay active?

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4. Why is it rare to find geriatric homes in Kuwait and the Arab world?

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Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	chronic	adj.	something that continues for a long time and cannot be easily solved
2	deprived of	ph. v	dispossess of , rob of
3	drowsy	adj.	tired and almost asleep
4	genetic make-up	n	chemical structure that defines individuality
5	restful	adj.	peaceful and quite, making you feel relaxed
6	shallow	adj.	not deep

adj.: adjective / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb

EXERCISES:

A. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(restful - genetic make-up - chronic - deprived of - drowsy - shallow)

1. You can't function properly when you're sleep.
2. Students who feel in class are those who didn't sleep well the night before.
3. I like to sit on this sofa because it is very comfortable and
4. He visits the doctor regularly because he suffers from a disease.
5. On the beach, little children should swim in the water.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

1. How important is sleep for the body?

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2. What benefits do people get from sleep?

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3. What are the consequences of sleep deprivation?

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Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 blizzard	n	a severe snowstorm with high winds and low visibility	
2 conceal	v	to keep from sight; to hide	
3 dispute	n	a disagreement, argument, or debate	
4 do away with	ph. v	to get rid of	
5 do up	ph. v	to fasten: to tie	
6 do without	ph. v	to not have something and manage in spite	
7 excuse	n	a reason or explanation put forward to defend or justify a fault or offence	
8 frequently	adv.	on many occasions with little time between them	
9 in spite of	prep	regardless of	
10 make up	ph. v	to invent (a story)	
11 make up for	ph. v	to take the place of something lost or missing	
12 vicinity	n	the area near or surrounding a particular place	

adv.: adverb / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / prep.: preposition / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- Young children are usually unable to the laces of their shoes.
a. make up b. do up c. make up for d. do away with
- Doctors often advise their aging patients to sugar and salt.
a. do without b. make up for c. do up d. make up
- He is hurrying on to lost time.
a. do up b. do away with c. do without d. make up for
- There is a serious between the manager and one of the workers.
a. blizzard b. vicinity c. excuse d. dispute
- A sudden may pose many problems to mountaineers.
a. vicinity b. dispute c. blizzard d. excuse

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(blizzard - make up - in spite of - conceal - vicinity - do away with)

- A new road is being constructed in the of our school.
- Your room is messy; you must many unnecessary things.
- the great efforts they had made, they couldn't win the match.
- Two mountain climbers got lost during a in the Alps yesterday.
- The defendant tried to some documents that could condemn him.

GRAMMAR

Direct and Reported Questions / Statements

A. Reporting Statements:

Study the examples in the following table:

Direct Statement	Reported Statement
-“ <u>I live in this</u> house.” he said.	- He said that <u>he lived in that</u> house.
-“ <u>I bought</u> a new car <u>yesterday</u> .” he said.	- He said that <u>he had bought</u> a new car <u>the day before</u> ,
-“ <u>I will</u> be fine.” my friend said.	- My friend said that <u>he would</u> be fine.
-“ <u>I am watching</u> a film.” my brother said.	- My brother said that <u>he was watching</u> a film.

B. Reporting Questions:

Study the examples in the following table:

Direct Question	Reported Question
-“ <u>Where have</u> you <u>been</u> ?” my friend said.	- My friend asked me <u>where I had been</u> .
-“ <u>Did you call</u> me?” my friend said.	- My friend wanted to know <u>if I had called him</u> .
-“ <u>When does</u> the match <u>start</u> ?” my brother said.	- My brother asked me <u>when the match started</u> .
-“ <u>Are you hungry</u> ?” my mother said.	- My mother asked me <u>whether I was hungry</u> .
-“ <u>What did</u> you <u>write</u> ?” my teacher said.	- My teacher asked me <u>what I had written</u> .
-“ <u>Why are</u> you late?” my teacher said.	- My teacher asked me <u>why I was late</u> .

EXERCISE

From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1. My friend told me that he (**buy**) a new mobile the day before. **(Correct the verb)**
 - a. My friend told me that he will buy a new mobile the day before.
 - b. My friend told me that he had bought a new mobile the day before.
 - c. My friend told me that he is buying a new mobile the day before.
2. “My uncle will start a business project next week,” said my friend. **(Report)**
 - a. My friend said that their uncle will start a business project next week.
 - b. My friend said that him uncle will start a business project the following week.
 - c. My friend said that his uncle would start a business project the following week.
3. “Have you ever visited a museum before?” my friend said. **(Report)**
 - a. My friend asked me whether I had visited a museum before.
 - b. My friend asked me what I had visited a museum before.
 - c. My friend asked me when I had visited a museum before.
4. “Where did you have your lunch?” my mother said. **(Report)**
 - a. My mother asked me where I had my lunch.
 - b. My mother asked me where I had had my lunch.
 - c. My mother asked me where I am having my lunch.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 admiration	n	respect and warm approval	
2 affection	n	a gentle feeling of fondness or liking	
3 ailment	n	an illness, typically a minor one	
4 bestow	v	confer or present (an honour, right, or gift)	
5 deserve	v	to do something or have or show qualities worthy of (reward or punishment)	
6 due	adj.	expected at or planned for at a certain time	
7 fatal	adj.	causing death	
8 life expectancy	n	the average period that a person may expect to live	
9 reverence	n	deep respect for someone or something	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- Doctors say that headache is a / an that can be cured easily.
a. affection b. life expectancy c. reverence d. ailment
- Due to the improvement in the domain of science, will increase.
a. life expectancy b. ailment c. admiration d. reverence

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(admiration - due - ailment - deserve - life expectancy - fatal)

- has increased remarkably in Kuwait thanks to many factors.
- Some diseases are extremely if they not cured during their early stages.
- My friend said that he had been absent because of a / an
- Old people our respect, reverence and care.
- Celebrities often receive much appreciation and from their fans.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- How can you explain the increase of life expectancy in Kuwait?

.....

- How can we help the elderly?

.....

Date:

GRADE 12 – MODULE 3 – UNIT 7
SUMMARY MAKING (1)

Walking can offer many health benefits to people of all ages and improve their fitness levels. It may also help prevent certain diseases and even prolong your life. In fact, this sport is easy to fit into your daily schedule and all you need to start walking is a sturdy pair of walking shoes. Walking can help you burn calories, which can help you lose weight. Your actual calorie burn will depend on several factors, including: walking speed, distance covered, and weight. Walking increases oxygen flow through the body and can help your mental health. Many studies have shown that walking can help reduce anxiety, depression, and a negative mood. It can also boost self-esteem and reduce symptoms of social withdrawal.

Write a four-sentence summary paragraph in response to the following question:

- What are the advantages of walking?

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TRANSLATION
(UNIT 7)

Translate the following sentences into good English:

1. **إِنَّ أَحَدَ أَفْضَلِ الْأَسَالِيبِ لَضَمَانٌ عُمُرٍ أَطْوَلٍ هُوَ بَقَائُنَا نَاشِطِينَ جَسَدِيًّا وَ ذَهْنِيًّا. (SB/page: 56)**
.....
.....
2. **يُعَلِّمُ الْإِسْلَامُ الْأَبْنَاءَ أَنْ يُوقِّرُوا آبَاءَهُمْ وَ أَنْ يُظَهَرُوا لَهُمُ الْعَطْفَ فِي كِبَرِ سِنِّهِمْ. (SB/page: 57)**
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3. **يَعْتَمِدُ الْعَدِيدُ مِنْ كِبَارِ السِّنِّ عَلَى عَائِلَاتِهِمْ وَ أَصْدِقَائِهِمْ لِمُسَاعَدَتِهِمْ. (SB/page: 60)**
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GRADE 12 - MODULE 3: Lifestyles * UNIT 7: Long Lives**

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning	
1 & 2	1	cardiovascular	adj.	of or relating to the heart and blood vessels	ذو علاقة بالقلب و الشرايين
	2	centenarian	n	a person who is one hundred or more years old	مُعَمَّرٌ عمره مئة سنة أو أكثر
	3	commentary	n	the expression of opinions or explanations about an event or situation	تعليق
	4	cycle	v	to ride a bicycle	يركب دراجة
	5	elderly	adj.	(of a person) old or aging	مُسِنٌ كبير في السن
	6	expectation	n	a strong belief that something will happen or be the case in the future	توقُّع
	7	geriatric	adj.	of or relating to old people, esp. with regard to their health care	ذو علاقة بكبار السن
	8	honour	v	to treat someone with special respect	يُوقِّرُ يُبَجِّلُ
	9	integral	adj.	essential or fundamental	أساسي
	10	onerous	adj.	(of a task, duty, or responsibility) involving an amount of effort and difficulty that is oppressively burdensome	شاقٌّ مُرهق
	11	supple	adj.	bending and moving easily and gracefully; flexible	مرنٌ
	12	vigorous	adj.	(of a person) strong, healthy, and full of energy	قويٌّ نشيطٌ
3	1	chronic	adj.	something that continues for a long time and cannot be easily solved	مُزْمِنٌ
	2	deprived of	ph. v	dispossess of , rob of	يحرُمُ من
	3	drowsy	adj.	tired and almost asleep	نعسانٌ
	4	genetic make-up	n	chemical structure that defines individuality	التركيبية الجينية لكل فرد
	5	restful	adj.	peaceful and quite, making you feel relaxed	مُرْتاحٌ مُريحٌ
	6	shallow	adj.	not deep	سطحيٌّ ليس بعميق
4 & 5	1	blizzard	n	a severe snowstorm with high winds and low visibility	عاصفة ثلجية قوية
	2	conceal	v	to keep from sight; to hide	يُخفي يُخبئ
	3	dispute	n	a disagreement, argument, or debate	جدالٌ نقاشٌ حادٌ
	4	do away with	ph. v	to get rid of	يتخلَّصُ من
	5	do up	ph. v	to fasten: to tie	يشدُّ يُحكِمُ
	6	do without	ph. v	to not have something and manage in spite	يُنجزُ ... مُستغنياً عن ...
	7	excuse	n	a reason or explanation put forward to defend or justify a fault or offence	عُذْرٌ سببٌ ذريعةٌ
	8	frequently	adv.	on many occasions with little time between them	مرارًا تَكَرَّرًا
	9	in spite of	prep	regardless of	على الرغم من ...
	10	make up	ph. v	to invent (a story)	يختلقُ قصةً
	11	make up for	ph. v	to take the place of something lost or missing	يُعوضُ عما فات
	12	vicinity	n	the area near or surrounding a particular place	قُرْبٌ مقربةٌ جوارٌ
7 & 8	1	admiration	n	respect and warm approval	إعجابٌ استحسان
	2	affection	n	a gentle feeling of fondness or liking	حنانٌ
	3	ailment	n	an illness, typically a minor one	مرضٌ خفيف
	4	bestow	v	confer or present (an honour, right, or gift)	يهبُّ يمنحُ
	5	deserve	v	to do something or have or show qualities worthy of (reward or punishment)	يستحقُّ
	6	due	adj.	expected at or planned for at a certain time	مُوعودٌ مُتوقِّعٌ
	7	fatal	adj.	causing death	مُميتٌ قاتلٌ
	8	life expectancy	n	the average period that a person may expect to live	مُعدَّلُ الحياة
	9	reverence	n	deep respect for someone or something	تقديرٌ تبجيلٌ

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 almond	n	the tree that produces a flat pale nut with brown skin that tastes sweet	
2 depopulation	n	the process of reducing the number of people in an area	
3 deserted	adj.	abandoned, neglected	
4 export	n	the selling and sending out of goods or services to other countries	
5 graduated	adj.	divided into different levels	
6 infrastructure	n	the basic physical and organisational structures and facilities (e.g., buildings, roads, and power supplies) needed for the operation of a society or enterprise	
7 overcrowding	n	the process of filling an area beyond what is usual or comfortable	
8 public services	n	a service that is run for the benefit of the general public, for example, the utilities, the emergency services, and public transportation	
9 reverse	v	to make (something) the opposite of what it was	
10 rural	adj.	in, relating to, or characteristic of the countryside rather than the town	
11 socioeconomic	adj.	relating to or concerned with the interaction of social and economic factors	
12 unemployment	n	the state of being jobless	
13 vacant	adj.	(of premises) having no fixtures, furniture, or inhabitants; empty	
14 vice versa	adv.	with the main items in the preceding statement the other way around	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- Most farmers in my region believe that planting trees is very profitable.
a. almond b. unemployment c. export d. depopulation
- The in many cities pushes people to move to the countryside.
a. export b. overcrowding c. public services d. infrastructure
- There have been many seats on board the plane during the trip.
a. graduated b. deserted c. vacant d. socioeconomic

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

- (reverse - rural - depopulation - graduated - vice versa - export)
- Agriculture is the most dominant economic activity in some areas.
 - Husbands should respect their wives and
 - The new player managed to the result and brought victory to his team.
 - was the best solution used by the government to solve the problem of overcrowding in many cities.
 - The of oil and other chemical products brings many profits to some countries.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. Why do many people move from cities to live in the countryside?

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2. What are the advantages of living in a big city?

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LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. A friend of yours says that people living in the countryside should move to cities.

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2. Your father intends to launch a big business project in the countryside.

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.....

3. Your brother says that city life is more exciting than country life.

.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 contentment	n	the state of being happy and satisfied	
2 crown jewel	n	the best or most valuable thing that a person or place has	
3 demarcation	n	the point at which one area of work, responsibility etc. ends and another begins	
4 skyline	n	the shape made by hills or buildings against the sky	
5 vertical village	exp.	the same number of people occupying a village but in one tall building	

exp.: expression / n: noun

EXERCISE

From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- The public services in this city bring people's and satisfaction.
a. demarcation b. skyline c. contentment d. crown jewel
- The fascinating of New York at sunset attracts many photographers.
a. skyline b. crown jewel c. demarcation d. contentment
- Many tourists consider the Eiffel Tower as the of Paris.
a. contentment b. demarcation c. skyline d. crown jewel

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. Building new cities can solve many problems. Explain.

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2. What are the advantages of vertical buildings in cities?

.....

3. What are the characteristics of a good city?

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	astounded	adj.	shocked or greatly surprised	
2	bump into	ph. v	to meet by chance	
3	densely	adv.	closely compacted in substance	
4	disturbance	n	the interruption of a settled and peaceful condition	
5	embarrassed	adj.	feeling or showing shame	
6	far and wide	idiom	over a large area	
7	glamour	n	an attractive and exciting quality	
8	hub	n	centre of activity	
9	hustle and bustle	idiom	activity, liveliness	
10	metropolis	n	densely populated city	
11	narrate	v	give a spoken or written account of	
12	odds and ends	idiom	bits and pieces	
13	pluck up the courage	exp.	make an effort to do something that frightens one	
14	tranquil	adj.	calm, free from disturbance	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / exp.: expression / idiom.: idiomatic expression / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(narrates - tranquil - hub - hustle and bustle - glamour - densely)

- Country houses are usually and surrounded by beautiful sceneries.
- Old people often complain that they can't stand the of the city.
- Many cities in India are populated and extremely crowded.
- China has become a remarkable world for industrial production.
- My kids like to listen to the stories that their grandfather very often.

GRAMMAR

Study the following sentences and tell what you notice:

- Hardly** had I turned off my phone when I received a message from a friend.
- Rarely** does our teacher come late.
- Seldom** does my friend visit me at home.
- Little** did I expect to meet my friend at the museum.
- No sooner** had the thief left the house **than** the police arrived.
- Never** had they heard that story before.
- Scarcely** do I go to the zoo with my family.

The inversion is usually used at the beginning of the sentence to emphasise what we are saying. It is achieved by **putting the auxiliary verb before the subject** of the sentence.

Normal sentence: I had never travelled to Japan before.

Inverted sentence: **Never** had I travelled to Japan before.

EXERCISE

From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1. My friend rarely travels abroad. (Rewrite starting with “Rarely”)
 - a. Rarely my friend travels abroad.
 - b. Rarely did my friend travel abroad.
 - c. Rarely does my friend travel abroad.
2. I little expected to find this valuable book. (Rewrite starting with “Little”)
 - a. Little did I expect to find this valuable book.
 - b. Little I have expected to find this valuable book.
 - c. Little had I expected to find this valuable book.
3. Never has my brother (**take**) a driving test before. (Correct the verb)
 - a. Never has my brother takes a driving test before.
 - b. Never has my brother took a driving test before.
 - c. Never has my brother taken a driving test before.
4. Seldom (**be**) tourists seen in this region. (Correct the verb)
 - a. Seldom was tourists seen in this region.
 - b. Seldom are tourists seen in this region.
 - c. Seldom is tourists seen in this region.
5. I scarcely eat in Indian restaurants. (Rewrite starting with “Scarcely”)
 - a. Scarcely have I eaten in Indian restaurants.
 - b. Scarcely I eat in Indian restaurants.
 - c. Scarcely do I eat in Indian restaurants.
6. Rarely (**do**) Ahmad participate in class activities. (Correct the verb)
 - a. Rarely does Ahmad participate in class activities.
 - b. Rarely do Ahmad participate in class activities.
 - c. Rarely doing Ahmad participates in class activities.
7. I left my office. It started raining. (Join with “No sooner ... than”)
 - a. No sooner I left my office than it started raining.
 - b. No sooner had I left my office than it started raining.
 - c. No sooner have I left my office than it started raining.
8. Hardly had I stopped my car when someone (**call**) me. (Correct the verb)
 - a. Hardly had I stopped my car when someone is calling me.
 - b. Hardly had I stopped my car when someone has called me.
 - c. Hardly had I stopped my car when someone called me.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 advantageous	adj.	a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favourable or superior position	
2 leafy	adj.	having or characterized by much foliage because of an abundance of trees or bushes	
3 make it your own	exp.	change something in your possession so that you reflect your personality and character	
4 palatial	adj.	resembling a palace in being spacious and splendid	
5 picturesque	adj.	visually attractive, esp. in a quaint or pretty style	
6 residents' parking	n	parking space reserved specifically for residents of a particular area	

adj.: adjective / exp.: expression / n: noun

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(leafy - advantageous - resident's parking - palatial - make it your own)

- I like my friend's beautiful house with its garden.
- You can buy a new house and modify it and
- This villa was sold at a very high price.
- Learning foreign languages is very for any person.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

1. What are the qualities of a good house?

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2. How do you explain people's tendency to move from the city to the country?

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3. What are the advantages of living in the city?

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WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Many people believe that living in the city is better than living in the countryside, whereas many others have an opposite opinion. Plan and write an essay of not less than fourteen sentences (14 sentences) in which you present the two opinions, their arguments and you express your own opinion.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

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Body 1:

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Body 2:

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Conclusion:

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Date:

GRADE 12 – MODULE 3 – UNIT 8
SUMMARY MAKING (2)

Stress is one of the most common causes of health problems in modern life. Too much stress results in physical, emotional, and mental health problems. It can increase the pulse rate and cause high blood pressure. It can also affect the respiratory system and lead to asthma. Moreover, it can cause a person to breathe too fast, resulting in a loss of important carbon dioxide. Stress can equally cause stomach aches and digestive problems. Besides, it can lead to some serious mental illnesses like depression and extreme feeling of sadness. Furthermore, it can make people angry, moody, or nervous. These are only a few examples of the wide range of illnesses resulting from stress.

Write a four-sentence summary paragraph in response to the following question:

- What are the negative effects of stress?

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TRANSLATION
(UNIT 8)

Translate the following sentences into good English:

1. ينتقل العديد من الأثرياء للعيش في الريف هرباً من ازدحام و تلوث المدينة. (SB/page: 63)

1.
.....
.....

2. تعاني العديد من المناطق من تأثيرات التفريغ السكاني و البنية التحتية السيئة. (SB/page: 63)

2.
.....
.....

3. عندما أصبحت الزراعة أقل ربحية و تنامت البطالة بدأ السكّان بالانتقال للمدن بحثاً عن العمل. (SB/page: 63)

3.
.....
.....

GRADE 12 * MODULE 3: Lifestyles *** UNIT 8: Town and Country**

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation	
1 & 2	1	almond	n	the tree that produces a flat pale nut with brown skin that tastes sweet	شجرة اللوز
	2	depopulation	n	the process of reducing the number of people in an area	عملية تفرغ منطقة من سكانها
	3	deserted	adj.	abandoned, neglected	مُهجور
	4	export	n	the selling and sending out of goods or services to other countries	التصدير
	5	graduated	adj.	divided into different levels	مُدرَج
	6	infrastructure	n	the basic physical and organisational structures and facilities (e.g., buildings, roads, and power supplies) needed for the operation of a society or enterprise	البنية التحتية
	7	overcrowding	n	the process of filling an area beyond what is usual or comfortable	ملئ منطقة بالسكان
	8	public services	n	a service that is run for the benefit of the general public, for example, the utilities, the emergency services, and public transportation	الخدمات الاجتماعية
	9	reverse	v	to make (something) the opposite of what it was	يعكس
	10	rural	adj.	in, relating to, or characteristic of the countryside rather than the town	ريفي
	11	socioeconomic	adj.	relating to or concerned with the interaction of social and economic factors	متعلق بتفاعل العوامل الاقتصادية والاجتماعية
	12	unemployment	n	the state of being jobless	البطالة
	13	vacant	adj.	(of premises) having no fixtures, furniture, or inhabitants; empty	شاعر
	14	vice versa	adv.	with the main items in the preceding statement the other way around	بالعكس
3	1	contentment	n	the state of being happy and satisfied	الرضا القناعة
	2	crown jewel	n	the best or most valuable thing that a person or place has	جوهرة التاج
	3	demarcation	n	the point at which one area of work, responsibility etc. ends and another begins	الحذ الذي تنتهي عنده منطقة أشغال أو مسؤولية
	4	skyline	n	the shape made by hills or buildings against the sky	شكل المباني مع الأفق
	5	vertical village	exp.	the same number of people occupying a village but in one tall building	نفس عدد سكان قرية لكن في بناية عمودية واحدة
4 & 5	1	astounded	adj.	shocked or greatly surprised	مُدهش مذهول
	2	bump into	ph. v	to meet by chance	قابل صدفة
	3	densely	adv.	closely compacted in substance	بكتافة
	4	disturbance	n	the interruption of a settled and peaceful condition	إزعاج مُضايقة
	5	embarrassed	adj.	feeling or showing shame	مُحرج
	6	far and wide	idiom	over a large area	على نطاق واسع
	7	glamour	n	an attractive and exciting quality	رونق جمال
	8	hub	n	centre of activity	محور مركز
	9	hustle and bustle	idiom	activity, liveliness	النشاط والحوية
	10	metropolis	n	densely populated city	مدينة عظمى
	11	narrate	v	give a spoken or written account of	يُحكي يروي قصة
	12	odds and ends	idiom	bits and pieces	الأجزاء الصغيرة المتنوعة
	13	pluck up the courage	exp.	make an effort to do something that frightens one	استجمع قواه و شجاعته
	14	tranquil	adj.	calm, free from disturbance	ساكين هادئ
7 & 8	1	advantageous	adj.	a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favourable or superior position	نافع مُفيد
	2	leafy	adj.	having or characterized by much foliage because of an abundance of trees or bushes	مورق كثيف الأوراق
	3	make it your own	exp.	change something in your possession so that you reflect your personality and character	يُضفي طابعا شخصيا على
	4	palatial	adj.	resembling a palace in being spacious and splendid	شبية بالقصر (في شجاعته)
	5	picturesque	adj.	visually attractive, esp. in a quaint or pretty style	(منظر) بديع خلّاب
	6	residents' parking	n	parking space reserved specifically for residents of a particular area	موقف سيارات خاص بسكان منطقة معينة

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 competent	adj.	having the necessary ability, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully	
2 cookery	n	the practice or skill of preparing and cooking food	
3 custom-made	adj.	made to a particular customer's order	
4 fix	v	to repair something that is broken or not working properly	
5 mail order	n	the selling of goods to customers by mail, generally involving selection from a special catalogue	
6 mass-produced	adj.	produced in large quantities by an automated mechanical process	
7 unique	adj.	being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else	
8 unusual	adj.	not habitually or commonly occurring or done	
9 workshop	n	a room or building in which goods are manufactured or repaired	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(mass-produced - unusual - workshop - fix - cookery - competent)

1. My mother usually watches programmes. She is fond of cooking.
2. Mobile phones are in China and many other countries.
3. My father spends most of his free time in his making useful objects.
4. I advised my brother not to his mobile phone by himself.
5. The manager has promised to reward the workers in the company.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. Why have many old crafts and jobs disappeared?

.....
.....
.....

2. How has the Internet affected the domain of communication?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 contemporary	adj.	belonging to or occurring in the present	مُعَاصِرٌ - حَدِيثٌ
2 craftsman	n	someone who is very skilled at a particular craft	حِرْفِيٌّ
3 in parallel	exp.	occurring at the same time and having some connection	بِالتَّوَازِي مَعَ ...
4 platform	n	a raised-level surface on which people or things can stand	مِنْصَافَةٌ
5 pottery	n	clay that has been shaped and baked in order to make pots, dishes	الفَخَّار
6 promote	v	support or actively encourage	يُسَانِدُ - يَدْعِمُ
7 seamlessly	adv.	smooth and without seams or obvious joins	بشكْلِ سلسٍ و لا يظهرُ الاختلاف
8 socialise	v	to mix socially with others	يَندمِجُ اجتماعياً

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / exp.: expression / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(mass-produced / socialise / workshop / fix / cookery / competent)

1. My mother is fond of programmes on TV.
2. I advised my friend not to his mobile phone by himself.
3. Cars are in many countries and sold in many others.
4. The manager said that Khalid was one of his most workers.
5. My grandfather spends most of his time in his repairing broken objects.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

1. How can an old historical building be used again?

.....
.....
.....

2. What role do museums and monumental building play in society?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 below par	exp.	something which is inferior	
2 call the shots	exp.	to make the important decision; to direct a project	
3 immobile	adj.	motionless	
4 neck and neck	exp.	evenly matched	
5 put to	ph. v	to ask someone a question, especially about something important	
6 snooker	n	a game played with cues on a billiard table in which the players use a cue ball (white) to pocket the other balls (fifteen red and six coloured) in a set order	
7 substandard	adj.	below the usual or required standard	
8 toe the line	exp.	to accept the authority, principles, or policies of a particular group, esp. under pressure	
9 ungentlemanly	adj.	dishonourable	

adj.: adjective / exp.: expression / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- Most critics agree that the director's last film was
a. below par b. toe the line c. neck and neck d. call the shots
- As they approached the finish line, the two runners were
a. call the shots b. neck and neck c. below par d. toe the line
- The new manager asserted that he was the only one who would
a. toe the line b. neck and neck c. call the shots d. below par

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(ungentlemanly - snooker - toe the line - fix - calls the shots - immobile)

- The barber told the child to remain until he finished cutting his hair.
- Some mechanics find it difficult to electric cars.
- People who are don't usually receive others' respect.
- In my family, we can suggest ideas, but my father is always the one who
- The manager advised the workers to if they didn't want to lose their jobs.

GRAMMAR

Causative verbs (present / past / future)

The Causative Form is used when we don't do something by ourselves, but we arrange for someone else (usually an expert or a qualified person) to do it for us.

Subject + Have + Object + Past Participle .

Simple form: He washed his car yesterday.
Causative: He had his car washed yesterday.

Verb forms in the Causative Form

- Here are some examples of the causative form in different verb forms:

1. Present Simple:

Simple form: We paint the house every year.

Causative: We have the house painted every year.

2. Present Continuous:

Simple form: Ali is washing his car.

Causative: Ali is having his car washed.

3. Present Perfect Simple:

Simple form: The boys have repaired their bicycles.

Causative: The boys have had their bicycles repaired.

4. Past Simple:

Simple form: He typed three letters yesterday.

Causative: He had three letters typed yesterday.

5. Future "Will":

Simple form: We will install the lights next week.

Causative: We will have the lights installed next week.

6. Modal verbs:

Simple form: You should fix this window.

Causative: You should have this window fixed.

7. Imperative:

Simple form: Clean the table, please.

Causative: Have the table cleaned, please.

EXERCISE

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the answer that best completes each sentence below:

1. Do you usually cut your hair by yourself? – No, I always by a barber.
a. have it cut b. will have it cut c. had it cut d. am having it cut
2. Will you build your new house by yourself? – No, I by a builder.
a. have it built b. will have it built c. had it built d. am having it built
3. Did Ali write this letter by himself? – No, he by his brother.
a. had it written b. is having it written c. has it written d. he wrote it
4. Did you install the alarm system by yourself? – No, I by an technician.
a. has it installed b. will have it installed c. had it installed d. install it
5. Are you going to fix your lap-top by yourself? – No, I by an expert.
a. have fixed it b. has it fixed c. had it fixed d. am going to have it fixed
6. Did you do your homework by yourself? – No, sir. I by my sister.
a. will have it done b. had it done c. have it done d. am having it done

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 appoint	v	to choose someone for a position or job	
2 bill	n	written proposal for a new law, which is brought to a parliament so that it can be discussed	
3 biography	n	an account of someone's life written by someone else	
4 customarily	adv.	usually, habitually	
5 degree	n	a course of study at a university or college, or the qualification that is given to you when you have successfully completed the course	
6 doctorate	n	a university degree of the highest level	
7 master's degree	n	a university degree such as an MA that you can get by studying for one or two years after your first degree	
8 minister	n	a politician who is in charge of a government department	
9 parliament	n	the group of people who are elected to make a country's laws and discuss important national affairs	
10 portfolio	n	the work that a particular government official is responsible for	
11 resign	v	to officially announce that you have decided to leave your job or an organisation	
12 whereas	conj.	in contrast or comparison with the fact that	

adv.: adverb / conj.: conjunction / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- Law bills are often discussed in the
a. minister b. parliament c. portfolio d. doctorate
- I discovered so many facts about my favourite writer in his
a. biography b. bill c. parliament d. minister
- The new has promised to lower the taxes and improve incomes.
a. parliament b. minister c. doctorate d. portfolio

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(whereas - master's degree - resign - appoint - bill - customarily)

- When you finish your academic studies you obtain a
- He threatened to from the company if his salary wasn't raised.
- Before it becomes a law, a is presented for discussion in the parliament.
- Sheep are domestic animals, tigers are wild.
-, shops offer huge discounts on the National Day.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- What kind of information can a biography provide about someone?

.....

- Women play an essential role in society. Explain.

.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Some people believe that technology has made our life much difficult and complicated, whereas many others believe the opposite. Plan and write an essay of not less than fourteen sentences (14 sentences) in which you present the two different opinions, their arguments and you tell about your own opinion.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

.....

.....

Body 1:

.....

.....

Body 2:

.....

.....

Conclusion:

.....

Writing

.....

.....

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.....

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Date:

GRADE 12 – MODULE 3 – UNIT 9
SUMMARY MAKING (3)

Getting involved in sports has a lot of benefits. It makes us very fit and able to carry out any sort of physical task efficiently and effortlessly. If we participate in sports activities, we will be stronger and agile. Our skills specified to the sports activity can get enhanced. Our bodies will become very flexible and supple. Being flexible and alert in the sports sense will carry us to higher peaks of success. Participating in the sports activities regularly keeps us very healthy and no disease will be able to come near us. Apart from all these benefits, we will be able to acquire an excellent physique which can be a feast to some and reason of envy to others.

Write a four-sentence summary paragraph in response to the following question:

- What are the advantages of practicing sports?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

TRANSLATION
(UNIT 9)

Translate the following sentences into good English:

1. تقليديا كان الرجال فقط هم من يمثلون الكويتيين في الحكومة. (SB/page: 72)

1.
.....
.....

2. في أيامنا هذه توجد العديد من النسوة المنتخبات لخدمة بلدهن في مجلس الشعب. (SB/page: 72)

2.
.....
.....

3. تعتبر معصومة المبارك أول وزيرة كويتية. (SB/page: 72)

3.
.....

GRADE 12 * MODULE 3: Lifestyles *** UNIT 9: New Ways and Old**

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning	
1 & 2	1	competent	adj.	having the necessary ability, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully	كُفءٌ - مُؤَهَّلٌ
	2	cookery	n	the practice or skill of preparing and cooking food	الطبخ
	3	custom-made	adj.	made to a particular customer's order	مصنوعٌ حسب رغبات الحريف
	4	fix	v	to repair something that is broken or not working properly	يُصلِحُ
	5	mail order	n	the selling of goods to customers by mail, generally involving selection from a special catalogue	بيع (السلع) عن طريق البريد
	6	mass-produced	adj.	produced in large quantities by an automated mechanical process	مصنوعٌ بكميات كبيرة
	7	unique	adj.	being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else	فريدٌ - مُنقطع النظير
	8	unusual	adj.	not habitually or commonly occurring or done	غير عادي - خارج عن المألوف
	9	workshop	n	a room or building in which goods are manufactured or repaired	ورشة
3	1	contemporary	adj.	belonging to or occurring in the present	مُعاصرٌ - حديثٌ
	2	craftsman	n	someone who is very skilled at a particular craft	حرفيٌّ
	3	in parallel	exp.	occurring at the same time and having some connection	بالتوازي مع ...
	4	platform	n	a raised-level surface on which people or things can stand	منصة
	5	pottery	n	clay that has been shaped and baked in order to make pots, dishes	الفخار
	6	promote	v	support or actively encourage	يُساندُ - يدعمُ
	7	seamlessly	adv.	smooth and without seams or obvious joins	بشكلٍ سلسٍ ولا يظهر الاختلاف
	8	socialise	v	to mix socially with others	يندمج اجتماعياً
4 & 5	1	below par	exp.	something which is inferior	ما هو دون ...
	2	call the shots	exp.	to make the important decision; to direct a project	يتخذُ قراراً مهماً
	3	immobile	adj.	motionless	ثابتٌ - غير متحرك
	4	neck and neck	exp.	evenly matched	متساوٍ تماماً مع ...
	5	put to	ph. v	to ask someone a question, especially about something important	يطرح سؤالا
	6	snooker	n	a game played with cues on a billiard table in which the players use a cue ball (white) to pocket the other balls (fifteen red and six coloured) in a set order	لعبةٌ شبيهة بلعبة البليارد
	7	substandard	adj.	below the usual or required standard	أقلُّ من المُستوى
	8	toe the line	exp.	to accept the authority, principles, or policies of a particular group, esp. under pressure	يخضعُ - يمتثلُ لأوامر ...
	9	ungentlemanly	adj.	dishonourable	غير مُشرفٍ - مُخزٍ - مُشينٌ
7 & 8	1	appoint	v	to choose someone for a position or job	يُعيِّنُ شخصاً ما لمنصبٍ
	2	bill	n	written proposal for a new law, which is brought to a parliament so that it can be discussed	مشروع قانونٍ
	3	biography	n	an account of someone's life written by someone else	سيرة حياة شخصٍ ما
	4	customarily	adv.	usually, habitually	عادةً - في العادة
	5	degree	n	a course of study at a university or college, or the qualification that is given to you when you have successfully completed the course	شهادة جامعيّة
	6	doctorate	n	a university degree of the highest level	شهادة الدكتوراه
	7	master's degree	n	a university degree such as an MA that you can get by studying for one or two years after your first degree	شهادة الأستاذية - شهادة الليسانس
	8	minister	n	a politician who is in charge of a government department	وزير
	9	parliament	n	the group of people who are elected to make a country's laws and discuss important national affairs	مجلس الأمة - مجلس الشعب - البرلمان
	10	portfolio	n	the work that a particular government official is responsible for	حقيبة وزارية
	11	resign	v	to officially announce that you have decided to leave your job or an organisation	يستقيل من عمله
	12	whereas	conj.	in contrast or comparison with the fact that	في حين أن (للدلالة على التناقض)

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression		Meaning	TRANSLATION
1	ascend	v	to climb to the summit of (a mountain or hill)
2	attempt	n	an effort to surpass a record or conquer a mountain
3	dizzying	adj.	make (someone) feel unsteady, confused, or amazed
4	elite	n	a group of people considered to be the best in a particular society or category, esp. because of their power, talent, or wealth
5	exhaustion	n	a state of extreme physical or mental fatigue
6	extreme	adj.	reaching a high or the highest degree; very great
7	frost-bite	n	injury to body tissues caused by exposure to extreme cold
8	highlight	v	pick out and emphasise
9	perilous	adj.	full of danger or risk
10	reconstruction	n	the action or process of rebuilding something after it has been damaged or destroyed
11	scale	v	to climb up or over (something high and steep)
12	summit	n	the highest point of a hill or mountain

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE: 1

A. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(dizzying - ascend - summit - highlight - exhaustion - reconstruction)

- To a mountain requires a lot of effort, a strong will and determination.
- The of this antic vase will take several hours of work.
- Among the severe odds that may face a mountaineer is
- Lack of oxygen causes a feeling and a painful headache.
- In the meeting, the manager will the problems that affected the company so much.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

- According to you, why do some people take up extreme sports?
.....
.....
- What do extreme sports require?
.....
.....
- What safety measures should an extreme-sport enthusiast usually take?
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression		Meaning	TRANSLATION
1	clamber v	to climb or move slowly somewhere, using your hands and feet because it is difficult or steep	
2	manned adj.	run or operated especially by human control	
3	set a record exp.	to reach a new limit	
4	submerged adj.	under water	

adj.: adjective / exp.: expression / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(clamber - set a record - submerged - manned)

1. It is extremely hard to in the domain of sport without great efforts.
2. The NASA is planning to send a space craft to planet Mars.
3. The mountain was very hard to without equipment and tools.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. What difficulties may an extreme-sport enthusiast encounter?

.....
.....

2. How can a sportsman benefit from setting a world record?

.....
.....

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. A friend of yours is going to take up one of the extreme sports.

.....
.....

2. You try to persuade your parents to let you join a mountaineers' club.

.....
.....

3. Your friend asks you about the benefits of setting a world record.

.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P. S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1	afflicted	adj.	affected in an unpleasant, painful way
2	alight	adj.	on fire; burning
3	arson	n	the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property
4	austere	adj.	severe or strict in manner, attitude, or appearance
5	come across	ph. v	to meet or find by chance
6	come away with	ph. v	to be left with a specified feeling, impression, or result after doing something
7	come down	ph. v	if a price or the level of something comes down, it becomes lower
8	come over	ph. v	to visit you at your house
9	come round	ph. v	recover after being unconscious
10	come up	ph. v	1 to be mentioned especially in a conversation; 2 to become available especially unexpectedly
11	exhilarated	adj.	feel very happy
12	fatigued	adj.	tired or exhausted
13	traverse	v	to travel across or through
14	unconscious	adj.	unable to see, hear, or otherwise sense what is going on, usually temporarily and often as a result of an accident or injury
15	visible	adj.	able to be perceived or noticed easily

adj.: adjective / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- When we talk about Arabic poetry, many names will certainly
a. come over b. come up c. come down d. come across
- After watching the film, I a good impression about it.
a. come down b. come over c. come across d. come away with
- I usually many interesting books in book fairs.
a. come across b. come round c. come down d. come up
- I think my grandfather will within an hour after the operation.
a. come over b. come up c. come round d. come across
- My cousin said that he would the following day.
a. come across b. come over c. come down d. come up

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(afflicted - exhilarated - come over - austere - fatigued - traverse)

- After the match, the players were because they had made great efforts.
- Their victory in the match made them feel.....
- Although the coach is very....., the players respect him very much.
- The boy's knee was severely..... when he fell off his bike.
- As planes..... an air-turbulence zone, they start shaking dangerously.

GRAMMAR

The Past Perfect Simple vs. The Past Perfect Continuous

1. The Past Perfect Simple:

- It tells about a ***completed action*** in the past before another one.

Example: We had locked all the doors securely before we left the house.

Example: I had saved all my documents before the computer crashed.

2. The Past Perfect Continuous:

- It focuses on the ***length of time that an action took*** in the past before another one.

Example: Ali had been waiting for two hours before Fahad came.

Example: Hamad was very tired because had been running for 40 minutes.

EXERCISES

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d to complete the following sentences:

1. Before I graduated from university last June, I (**attend**) all the lectures.
a. is attending b. have attended c. had been attending d. attends
2. We had been watching a football match when my father (**come**) home.
a. will come b. has come c. had been coming d. came
3. The electrician (**fix**) the alarm system before he fell off the ladder.
a. has fixed b. has been fixing c. had been fixing d. is fixing
4. After I (**pack**) my bags, I waited for my father to take me to the airport.
a. packed b. have packed c. had packed d. had been packing

B. From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

5. When I came home, my kids (**watch**) a cartoon film for 30 minutes. (**Correct the verb**)
a. When I came home, my kids watched a cartoon film for 30 minutes.
b. When I came home, my kids have been watching a cartoon film for 30 minutes.
c. When I came home, my kids had been watching a cartoon film for 30 minutes.
6. The boxer decided to quit the game. He played for fifteen years. (**Join with “before”**)
a. Before the boxer decided to quit the game, he had been played for fifteen years.
b. Before the boxer decided to quit the game, he has played for fifteen years.
c. Before the boxer decided to quit the game, he is playing for fifteen years.
7. They signed the agreement. They left the meeting room. (**Join with “after”**)
a. After they signed the agreement, they will leave the meeting room.
b. After they had signed the agreement, they left the meeting room.
c. After they have been signed the agreement, they left the meeting room.
8. I had installed a new programme before I switched off my computer. (**Make passive**)
a. A new programme was installed before the computer was switched off.
b. A new programme had installed before the computer was switched off.
c. A new programme had been installed before the computer was switched off.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1 assist	v	to help (someone), typically by doing a share of the work	
2 binoculars	n	an optical instrument with a lens for each eye, used for viewing distant objects	
3 cope with	ph. v	to deal effectively with something difficult	
4 crave	v	to feel a powerful desire for (something)	
5 engulf	v	(of a natural force) sweep over (something) so as to surround or cover it completely	
6 entail	v	involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence	
7 feat	n	an achievement that requires great courage, skill, or strength	
8 gruelling	adj.	extremely tiring and demanding	
9 mountaineer	n	a person who takes part in the sport or activity of climbing mountains	
10 strong-willed	adj.	determined, stubborn	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(mountaineers - entail - crave - gruelling - binoculars - assist)

1. You can't imagine how my kids for candies and sweets.
2. If pollution continues at this pace, it will many ecological disasters.
3. You can't go bird-watching without having with you.
4. I usually my grandfather when he does gardening.
5. The authorities will organize a campaign to look for a group of

B. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct words to complete the following sentences:

6. Although this job is very difficult, I will try to it.
a. crave b. cope with c. engulf d. entail
7. The fire all the furniture in the room in a few minutes.
a. engulfed b. assisted c. entailed d. craved
8. Realising one's dreams working hard and doing great efforts.
a. engulfs b. entails c. craves d. copes with
9. My brother usually me when I do my homework.
a. craves b. engulfs c. assists d. entails

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. What do extreme sports require?

.....
.....

2. What do sportsmen learn from practicing extreme sports?

.....
.....

GRADE 12 * MODULE 4: Achievements *** UNIT 10: Pushing the Limits**

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning	
1 & 2	1	ascend	v	to climb to the summit of (a mountain or hill)	يَتَسَلَّقُ
	2	attempt	n	an effort to surpass a record or conquer a mountain	مُحَاوَلَةٌ لِتَحْطِيمِ رَقْمٍ قِيَاسِيٍّ
	3	dizzying	adj.	make (someone) feel unsteady, confused, or amazed	مُسَبِّبٌ لِلدُّوَارِ وَالغَيْثَانِ
	4	elite	n	a group of people considered to be the best in a particular society or category, esp. because of their power, talent, or wealth	نُخْبَةٌ
	5	exhaustion	n	a state of extreme physical or mental fatigue	إِرْهَاقٌ - تَعَبٌ شَدِيدٌ
	6	extreme	adj.	reaching a high or the highest degree; very great	أَقْصَى
	7	frost-bite	n	injury to body tissues caused by exposure to extreme cold	قَضْمَةُ الْبَرْدِ
	8	highlight	v	pick out and emphasise	يَسْلُطُ الضَّوْءَ عَلَى ...
	9	perilous	adj.	full of danger or risk	مُحْفُوفٌ بِالْمَخَاطِرِ
	10	reconstruction	n	the action or process of rebuilding something after it has been damaged or destroyed	إِعَادَةُ الْبِنَاءِ
	11	scale	v	to climb up or over (something high and steep)	يَتَسَلَّقُ
	12	summit	n	the highest point of a hill or mountain	الْقِمَّةُ
3	1	clamber	v	to climb or move slowly somewhere, using your hands and feet because it is difficult or steep	يَتَسَلَّقُ
	2	manned	adj.	run or operated especially by human control	مَأْهُولٌ
	3	set a record	exp.	to reach a new limit	يُسَجِّلُ رَقْمًا قِيَاسِيًّا
	4	submerged	adj.	under water	مَغْمُورٌ بِالْمَاءِ
4 & 5	1	afflicted	adj.	affected in an unpleasant, painful way	مُتَضَرَّرٌ مِنْ ...
	2	alight	adj.	on fire; burning	مُتَلَهَّبٌ مُحْتَرِقٌ
	3	arson	n	the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property	جَرِيمَةُ حَرْقِ مَمْتَلِكَاتِ الْغَيْرِ عَمْدًا
	4	austere	adj.	severe or strict in manner, attitude, or appearance	قَاسِيٌّ - صَارِمٌ
	5	come across	ph. v	to meet or find by chance	يَلْتَقِي صُدْفَةً بِ...
	6	come away with	ph. v	to be left with a specified feeling, impression, or result after doing something	يَخْرُجُ بِانْطِبَاعٍ
	7	come down	ph. v	if a price or the level of something comes down, it becomes lower	يَنْخَفِضُ
	8	come over	ph. v	to visit you at your house	يَزُورُ
	9	come round	ph. v	recover after being unconscious	يَسْتَعِيدُ وَعِيَةً
	10	come up	ph. v	1 to be mentioned especially in a conversation; 2 to become available especially unexpectedly	1 يُذَكَّرُ فِي نِقَاشٍ 2 يَظْهَرُ فَجْأَةً
	11	exhilarated	adj.	feel very happy	مُبْتَوِّجٌ
	12	fatigued	adj.	tired or exhausted	مُرْهَقٌ مُتَعَبٌ
	13	traverse	v	to travel across or through	يَعْبُرُ يَمُرُّ مِنْ خِلَالِ
	14	unconscious	adj.	unable to see, hear, or otherwise sense what is going on, usually temporarily and often as a result of an accident or injury	فَاقِدٌ لِلْوَعِيِّ
	15	visible	adj.	able to be perceived or noticed easily	ظَاهِرٌ مَرْنِيٌّ
7 & 8	1	assist	v	to help (someone), typically by doing a share of the work	يُسَاعِدُ
	2	binoculars	n	an optical instrument with a lens for each eye, used for viewing distant objects	مَنْظَارٌ مُزْدَوِجٌ
	3	cope with	ph. v	to deal effectively with something difficult	يَتَأَقْلَمُ مَعَ ...
	4	crave	v	to feel a powerful desire for (something)	يَتَلَهَّفُ عَلَى ...
	5	engulf	v	(of a natural force) sweep over (something) so as to surround or cover it completely	يُطْبِقُ عَلَى يَكْتَسِحُ
	6	entail	v	involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence	يَسْتَلْزِمُ يَسْتَوْجِبُ
	7	feat	n	an achievement that requires great courage, skill, or strength	عَمَلٌ قَدُّ أَوْ بَطُولِيٌّ مَفْخَرَةٌ
	8	gruelling	adj.	extremely tiring and demanding	مُضْنٍ مُرْهَقٍ
	9	mountaineer	n	a person who takes part in the sport or activity of climbing mountains	مُتَسَلِّقٌ
	10	strong-willed	adj.	determined, stubborn	قَوِيٌّ الْعَزِيمَةُ عَنِيدٌ

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1	abhorrent	adj.	inspiring disgust and loathing; repugnant	
2	awe-inspiring	adj.	arousing awe through being impressive, formidable, or magnificent	
3	concept	n	an abstract idea, a general notion	
4	detriment	n	the state of being harmed or damaged	
5	execute	v	to carry out an order or plan	
6	frontier	n	the extreme limit of understanding or achievement in a particular area	
7	intrepid	adj.	fearless; adventurous	
8	mission	n	an expedition into space	
9	orbit	v	to fly or move around in a circle	
10	revere	v	to feel deep respect or admiration for (something)	
11	revolve around	ph. v	to go around, turn around, rotate, spin	
12	sentient	adj.	able to perceive or feel things	
13	universe	n	the Earth, planets and stars	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- We have become aware that pollution is a serious to the environment.
a. concept b. universe c. detriment d. mission
- Scientists believe that human beings are the only creatures in the world.
a. sentient b. abhorrent c. intrepid d. awe-inspiring
- A group of well-known astronauts will participate in the to Mars.
a. concept b. mission c. detriment d. frontier
- We must the scientists who are working on vaccines against diseases.
a. orbit b. revolve around c. revere d. execute

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(execute - revolves around - universe - intrepid - mission)

- Scientists reckon that they cannot determine exactly the size of the
- The Moon the Earth.
- As an person, he will continue fighting till the end of the match.
- In any country, the police must orders and reinforce laws.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- What are the advantages of space exploration?

.....
.....

- What are the disadvantages of space exploration?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1 approximately	adv.	roughly, almost	
2 dispatch	v	to send off to a destination or for a purpose	
3 obscure	v	to prevent something from being seen or heard clearly	
4 perceivable	adj.	could be noticed	
5 scrutinise	v	to examine someone or something very carefully	

adj. : adjective / adv.: adverb / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(dispatch - approximately - obscure - perceivable - scrutinise)

- In winter, dark clouds usually the sun.
- Every day, a group of scientists hundreds of images of planet Mars.
- The NASA will two satellites into space to study the universe.
- The moon is easily without telescopes.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- What benefits do people get from studying distant planets?
.....
.....
- Why should many countries engage in space exploration?
.....
.....
- Why is it very difficult to study many distant planets?
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1 astronomical	adj.	of or relating to the branch of science that deals with celestial objects, space, and the physical universe as a whole	
2 conductive	adj.	making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible	
3 exceptionally	adv.	unusually, remarkably	
4 habitation	n	the state or process of living in a particular place	
5 natural satellite	n	a naturally occurring object that orbits a planet, e.g. the moon	
6 on board	adj.	available or situated on a ship, aircraft, or other vehicle	
7 opportunity	n	a set of circumstances that makes it possible to do something	
8 roughly	adv.	in a manner lacking refinement and precision	
9 solar system	n	the collection of nine planets and their moons in orbit around the sun, together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroids, meteoroids, and comets	
10 superb	adj.	impressively splendid	
11 wane	v	to decrease in vigour, power, or extent; to become weaker	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(on board - astronomical - wane - habitation - conducive - exceptionally)

- Human of other planets has always been a fantastic dream.
- In billions of years from now, the Sun will and disappear completely.
- I believe that science will continue to progress more and more.
- Living on planet Mars is a / an marvelous idea.
- Seven prominent American astronauts were Space Shuttle, Challenger, when it exploded on January 28, 1986.

GRAMMAR

A. The Passive with Modal Verbs:

We use modal verbs (verbs like *can, could, shall, should, must, may, might, have to ...*) to talk about things like ability, possibility, permission or obligation. And we use the passive voice to focus on the object of an action rather than the doer of the action.

Active	Passive
- Ali can <i>drive</i> a car easily.	- A car can be driven easily (by Ali).
- Hamad may <i>buy</i> a new house.	- A new house may be bought (by Hamad).
- You should <i>fix</i> this computer.	- This computer should be fixed .
- You must <i>send</i> this letter now.	- This letter must be sent (by you) now.
- He could <i>sell</i> his car at a good price.	- His car could be sold at a good price.
- You have to <i>inform</i> your father.	- Your father has to be informed .
- He might <i>repair</i> the refrigerator.	- The refrigerator might be repaired .

The passive with modal verbs: **Object + modal verb + be + Verb 3 (+ subject)**

EXERCISE

1. Governments should stop space exploration very soon. **(Make passive)**
 - a. Space exploration should stop very soon.
 - b. Space exploration should be stopping very soon.
 - c. Space exploration should be stopped very soon.

2. Scientists can conduct many experiments in space. **(Make passive)**
 - a. Many experiments can be conducted in space.
 - b. Many experiments can have been conducted in space.
 - c. Many experiments can be conduct in space.

3. The space shuttle must protect astronauts from sunrays. **(Make passive)**
 - a. Astronauts must be protected from sunrays by the space shuttle.
 - b. Astronauts must protect the space shuttle from sunrays.
 - c. Astronauts must protect sunrays by the space shuttle.

B. either ... or / neither ... nor

- 1 - **Either** Khalid **or** Fahad will get the best mark in the exam.
- 2 - **Neither** Nasser **nor** Kamal came to school today. They are both absent.
- 3 - I like **both** travelling **and** learning foreign languages.

Conjunction	Meaning
either ... or ...	this or that
neither ... nor ...	NOT this ... NOT that
both ... and ...	this and that

EXERCISE

1. He didn't answer my call. He didn't read my message. **(Join with "neither ... nor ...")**
 - a. He neither answered my call nor he read my message.
 - b. Neither he answered my call nor he read my message.
 - c. He neither answered my call nor read my message.

2. I will study in Canada. I will study in Britain. **(Join with "either ... or ...")**
 - a. I will study in Canada either study or in Britain.
 - b. I will study either in Canada or in Britain.
 - c. I either will study in Canada or I will study in Britain.

3. I collect stamps. I collect postcards. **(Join with "both ... and ...")**
 - a. I collect both stamps and postcards.
 - b. I collect both stamps and I collect postcards.
 - c. I both collect stamps and I collect postcards.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1	abnormal	adj.	deviating from what is normal or usual, typically in a way that is undesirable or worrying
2	alert	v	to warn (someone) of a danger, threat, or problem, typically with the intention of having it avoided or dealt with
3	data	n	facts and statistics collected together for reference or analysis
4	dual	adj.	consisting of two parts, elements, or aspects
5	durable	adj.	able to withstand wear, pressure, or damage; hard-wearing
6	economical	adj.	giving good value or service in relation to the amount of money, time, or effort spent
7	emission	n	the production and discharge of something, esp. gas or radiation
8	GPS	abb.	Global Positioning System, an accurate worldwide navigation and surveying facility based on the reception of signals from an array of orbiting satellites
9	monitor	v	observe and check the progress or quality of (something) over a period of time; keep under systematic review
10	revolutionise	v	to change (something) radically or fundamentally
11	specifically	adv.	particularly, exclusively
12	spin-off	n	items used in space that improve our lives on earth
13	take for granted	exp.	fail to appreciate someone or something that is very familiar or obvious
14	trainers	n	a soft shoe, suitable for sports or casual wear

abb.: abbreviation / adv.: adverb / exp.: expression / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below

(abnormal - economical - specifically - trainers - GPS - revolutionise)

- are more comfortable for exercising than casual shoes.
- Thomas Edison hadn't expected that electricity would technology.
- This space suit is designed to maintain pressure in the space.
- It is more to use a bucket, when washing a car than using a hose.
- There's a /an sound that comes from the engine of my car.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

- How has space technology revolutionised people's lives on Earth?

.....
.....
.....

- How has Islamic civilization contributed to the domain of space exploration?

.....
.....
.....

GRADE 12

MODULE 4: Achievements *** UNIT 11: The Final Frontier

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	1	abhorrent	adj. inspiring disgust and loathing; repugnant	مكروه - يُثيرُ الإشمزاز
	2	awe-inspiring	adj. arousing awe through being impressive, formidable, or magnificent	يبعثُ على الرهبة و الهيبة
	3	concept	n. an abstract idea, a general notion	مفهوم
	4	detriment	n. the state of being harmed or damaged	ضرر - إساءة
	5	execute	v. to carry out an order or plan	يُنَفِّذُ
	6	frontier	n. the extreme limit of understanding or achievement in a particular area	الحدّ الأقصى
	7	intrepid	adj. fearless; adventurous	شجاع - مُغامر
	8	mission	n. an expedition into space	بعثة فضائية
	9	orbit	v. to fly or move around in a circle	يدورُ حول
	10	revere	v. to feel deep respect or admiration for (something)	يؤيّرُ - يُبجّلُ
	11	revolve around	ph. v. to go around, turn around, rotate, spin	يدورُ حول
	12	sentient	adj. able to perceive or feel things	واع - مُدرِك
	13	universe	n. the Earth, planets and stars	الكون
3	1	approximately	adv. roughly, almost	تقريبًا - حوالي
	2	dispatch	v. to send off to a destination or for a purpose	يبعثُ ب ... - يرسلُ إلى
	3	obscure	v. to prevent something from being seen or heard clearly	يُخبئُ
	4	perceivable	adj. could be noticed	يُمكنُ ملاحظته
	5	scrutinise	v. to examine someone or something very carefully	يفحصُ بدقة و عناية
4 & 5	1	astronomical	adj. of or relating to the branch of science that deals with celestial objects, space, and the physical universe as a whole	فلكي
	2	conducive	adj. making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible	مُمكن
	3	exceptionally	adv. unusually, remarkably	استثنائيًا
	4	habitation	n. the state or process of living in a particular place	سكن
	5	natural satellite	n. a naturally occurring object that orbits a planet, e.g. the moon	قمر - كويكب تابع
	6	on board	adj. available or situated on a ship, aircraft, or other vehicle	على متن
	7	opportunity	n. a set of circumstances that makes it possible to do something	فرصة
	8	roughly	adv. in a manner lacking refinement and precision	تقريبًا - على وجه التقريب
	9	solar system	n. the collection of nine planets and their moons in orbit around the sun, together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroids, meteoroids, and comets	النظام الشمسي
	10	superb	adj. impressively splendid	رائع - ممتاز - فائق
	11	wane	v. to decrease in vigour, power, or extent; to become weaker	يضعفُ
7 & 8	1	abnormal	adj. deviating from what is normal or usual, typically in a way that is undesirable or worrying	غير عادي - غير طبيعي
	2	alert	v. to warn (someone) of a danger, threat, or problem, typically with the intention of having it avoided or dealt with	يُنذِرُ
	3	data	n. facts and statistics collected together for reference or analysis	المعلومات و الإحصائيات
	4	dual	adj. consisting of two parts, elements, or aspects	ثنائي
	5	durable	adj. able to withstand wear, pressure, or damage; hard-wearing	دائم
	6	economical	adj. giving good value or service in relation to the amount of money, time, or effort spent	اقتصادي
	7	emission	n. the production and discharge of something, esp. gas or radiation	إصدار - انبعاث - إشعاع
	8	GPS	abb. Global Positioning System, an accurate worldwide navigation and surveying facility based on the reception of signals from an array of orbiting satellites	نظام الملاحة العالمي GPS
	9	monitor	v. observe and check the progress or quality of (something) over a period of time; keep under systematic review	يُراقبُ
	10	revolutionise	v. to change (something) radically or fundamentally	يُحدثُ ثورة في ميدان ...
	11	specifically	adv. particularly, exclusively	بالخصوص
	12	spin-off	n. items used in space that improve our lives on earth	المنتجات الفضائية
	13	take for granted	exp. fail to appreciate someone or something that is very familiar or obvious	يُسلمُ ب...
	14	trainers	n. a soft shoe, suitable for sports or casual wear	حذاء رياضي

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1 abstract	adj.	existing in thought or as an idea but not having a physical or concrete existence	
2 arbitrarily	adv.	randomly, by chance	
3 audience	n	the assembled spectators or listeners at a public event, such as a play, movie, concert, or meeting	
4 BSc.	abb.	Bachelor of Science	
5 digit	n	number – 1, 2, 3, etc.	
6 genius	n	intelligence, cleverness	
7 MSc.	abb.	Master of Science	
8 outstanding	adj.	unusually good	
9 PhD	abb.	Doctor of Philosophy	
10 precocious	adj.	(of a child) having developed certain abilities at an earlier age than usual	
11 prodigy	n	a person, esp. a young one, endowed with exceptional qualities or abilities	
12 randomly	adv.	made, done, happening, or chosen without method or conscious decision	
13 talent	n	natural ability or skill	
14 tour	v	to visit several parts of a country or area	
15 virtuoso	n	a person highly skilled in music or another artistic pursuit	

abb.: abbreviation / adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(**prodigy - digits - abstract - tour - randomly - MSc.**)

1. I wish I could the world and visit many countries.
2. This child is a true He can calculate faster than a computer!
3. He got his from Harvard University last year.
4. The on this paper are not clear. They were badly printed.
5. Some students were selected to go on a school trip.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. Why do some child geniuses lose their talents when they grow up?

.....
.....
.....

2. Genius can be developed through suitable training. Explain.

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1 acquire	v	to buy or obtain for oneself	
2 attire	n	clothes	
3 deputy	n	someone who is directly below another person in rank, and who is officially in charge when that person is not there	
4 electrochemical	adj.	of or relating to chemical reaction brought about by electricity	
5 forum	n	a place, meeting or medium where ideas and views on a particular issue can be exchanged	
6 medalist	n	someone who has won a medal in a competition	
7 reactor	n	a coil or other component that provides reactance in a circuit	
8 sewage	n	the mixture of waste from the human body and used water that is carried away from houses by pipes under the ground	
9 sponsor	n	a person or organisation that provides funds for a project or activity carried by another in particular	
10 unprecedented	adj.	never having happened before, or never having happened so much	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(acquire - deputy - forum - unprecedented - attire - reactor)

1. Representatives of many organizations attended the last week.
2. From their you can guess their jobs!
3. As the years pass by, you will a better experience in the domain of computing.
4. The 's signature was enough for the project to start.
5. The nuclear was severely damaged during the raid.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. How can family members help a person to be successful in his career?

.....
.....
.....

2. How can governments help young inventors to succeed?

.....
.....
.....

3. Success in one's career depends on some factors. Explain.

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1 accusation	n	a charge or claim that someone has done something illegal or wrong	
2 agonise	v	to undergo great mental anguish through worrying about something	
3 extravagantly	adv.	spending money or using resources in a wasteful way	
4 high-living	n	an extravagant social life as enjoyed by the wealthy	
5 jockey	n	a person who rides in horse races, esp. as a profession	
6 repudiate	v	to refuse to accept or be associated with	
7 season	n	a fixed time in the year when a particular sport is played	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(agonising - extravagantly - season - repudiate - high-living - jockey)

1. This, Real Madrid will recruit two new players.
2. They were because of the torture they had gone through.
3. The new seems to master his horse very well.
4. Our neighbours enjoy a remarkable They are very rich.
5. Islam teaches us not to spend our money

GRAMMAR

Relative Clauses and Verbs Ending in (-ing)

- We can add extra information to an existing sentence by adding a relative clause in these two ways:

1. Relative clauses: (clauses which begin with a relative pronoun)

Example: He won the first prize **when** he beat all his competitors.

Example: He travelled to his parents' house **where** he joined the rest of the family.

2. Verbs ending in -ing:

Example: He won the first prize **beating** all his competitors.

Example: He travelled to his parents' house **joining** the rest of the family.

Comparison of Scale (as + adjective + as)

- In English, we can describe whether two people or two things are similar or different by using the following structure: '**as + adjective + as**'

Example: He is **as brave as** a lion.

Example: My mother is **as busy as** a bee.

Prepositions (at, for, of, in, on, with, by, throughout)

- Most English prepositions have several different functions. At the same time, different prepositions can have very similar uses:

Examples: on Monday / in the morning / at night

- Many nouns, verbs and adjectives are normally used with particular prepositions:

Examples: The reason for... / to arrive at... / to be angry with somebody... / on a bus... / soup of the day... / travelled throughout Kuwait... / by car...

EXERCISE

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d to complete the following sentences:

1. They left their home country a terrible civil war.
a. escaped b. have escaped c. had escaped d. escaping
2. "Your sister is as as you" said my father.
a. smarter b. smart c. smartest d. smartly
3. He said that he wasn't responsible what happened to his neighbour.
a. of b. at c. for d. on
4. The minister ended his speech his gratitude and respect to the audience.
a. expresses b. expressing c. expressed d. has expressed
5. "Your computer is as as my computer" said my friend.
a. new b. newly c. newer d. newest
6. My friend has some difficulty reading long English words.
a. at b. in c. on d. to
7. The police found that the defendant had no connection the crime.
a. in b. about c. of d. with
8. Hamad is as as Fahad in solving crossword puzzles.
a. slowly b. slow c. slowest d. slower

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	TRANSLATION
1	accolade	n	an award or privilege granted as a special honour or as an acknowledgement of merit
2	aligned	adj.	put into correct or appropriate position
3	bladder	n	a membranous sac in humans and other animals, in which urine is collected for excretion
4	eternity	n	infinite or unending time
5	genetics	n	the study of heredity and the variation of inherited characteristics
6	gifted	adj.	having exceptional talent or natural ability
7	molecular	adj.	of, relating to, or consisting of molecules
8	nomination	n	the action of proposing or formally entering as a candidate for election or for an honour or award
9	non-invasive	adj.	not requiring the introduction of instruments into the body
10	recipient	n	a person or thing that receives or is awarded something
11	researcher	n	a person who systematically investigates materials and sources in order to establish facts and reach new conclusions

adj.: adjective / n: noun

EXERCISE

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(nomination - non-invasive - aligned - recipient - eternity - accolades)

- The doctor affirmed that the operation would be
- The numerous that he has received show how brave this officer is.
- He was surprised to know about his for the new position.
- Nothing that Man has made will last for
- The books were on the shelves.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

- A friend of yours asks you how he can improve his English language.

.....
.....

- Your friend says that mental games are useless.

.....
.....

- Your brother won the first prize in a chess game competition.

.....
.....

GRADE 12 - MODULE 4: Achievements - UNIT 12: Geniuses

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	المعنى العربي للكلمة	
1 & 2	1	abstract	adj.	existing in thought or as an idea but not having a physical or concrete existence	مُجَرَّد غير حسيّ
	2	arbitrarily	adv.	randomly, by chance	عشوائياً
	3	audience	n	the assembled spectators or listeners at a public event, such as a play, movie, concert, or meeting	الجمهور الخضور
	4	BSc.	abb	Bachelor of Science	شهادة ليسانس في العلوم
	5	digit	n	number – 1, 2, 3, etc.	رقم
	6	genius	n	intelligence, cleverness	نبوغ ذكاء
	7	MSc.	abb	Master of Science	شهادة الماجستير في العلوم
	8	outstanding	adj.	unusually good	بارز ممتاز
	9	PhD	abb	Doctor of Philosophy	شهادة الدكتوراه في الفلسفة
	10	precocious	adj.	(of a child) having developed certain abilities at an earlier age than usual	مُبَكَّر في نضجه العقلي
	11	prodigy	n	a person, esp. a young one, endowed with exceptional qualities or abilities	شخصٌ موهوب
	12	randomly	adv.	made, done, happening, or chosen without method or conscious decision	عشوائياً
	13	talent	n	natural ability or skill	موهبة
	14	tour	v	to visit several parts of a country or area	يجول يطوف
	15	virtuoso	n	a person highly skilled in music or another artistic pursuit	موسيقيّ بارع
3	1	acquire	v	to buy or obtain for oneself	يكتسب
	2	attire	n	clothes	لباس ثياب
	3	deputy	n	someone who is directly below another person in rank, and who is officially in charge when that person is not there	نائب
	4	electrochemical	adj.	of or relating to chemical reaction brought about by electricity	الكتروكيميائي
	5	forum	n	a place, meeting or medium where ideas and views on a particular issue can be exchanged	نادي منتدى
	6	medalist	n	someone who has won a medal in a competition	مُحَرِّز على ميدالية
	7	reactor	n	a coil or other component that provides reactance in a circuit	مُفاعِل
	8	sewage	n	the mixture of waste from the human body and used water that is carried away from houses by pipes under the ground	مياه المجاري
	9	sponsor	n	a person or organisation that provides funds for a project or activity carried by another in particular	راعي مُموِّل
	10	unprecedented	adj.	never having happened before, or never having happened so much	غير مسبوق
4 & 5	1	accusation	n	a charge or claim that someone has done something illegal or wrong	تُهْمَة اتّهام
	2	agonise	v	to undergo great mental anguish through worrying about something	يُعاني يتألّم
	3	extravagantly	adv.	spending money or using resources in a wasteful way	بإسرافٍ و تبذير
	4	high-living	n	an extravagant social life as enjoyed by the wealthy	حياةٌ بذخٍ و إسراف
	5	jockey	n	a person who rides in horse races, esp. as a profession	فارس خيَّال
	6	repudiate	v	to refuse to accept or be associated with	ينفي يُفند
	7	season	n	a fixed time in the year when a particular sport is played	موسم
7 & 8	1	accolade	n	an award or privilege granted as a special honor or as an acknowledgement of merit	وسام جائزة
	2	aligned	adj.	put into correct or appropriate position	مُصَفَّق مُرتَّب
	3	bladder	n	a membranous sac in humans and other animals, in which urine is collected for excretion	المثانة
	4	eternity	n	infinite or unending time	الأبدية
	5	genetics	n	the study of heredity and the variation of inherited characteristics	
	6	gifted	adj.	having exceptional talent or natural ability	
	7	molecular	adj.	of, relating to, or consisting of molecules	جُزيئي
	8	nomination	n	the action of proposing or formally entering as a candidate for election or for an honor or award	تسمية تعيين
	9	non-invasive	adj.	not requiring the introduction of instruments into the body	لا يستوجب جراحة
	10	recipient	n	a person or thing that receives or is awarded something	المُتلقي المُحرز على
	11	researcher	n	a person who systematically investigates materials and sources in order to establish facts and reach new conclusions	باحث

GRADE 12
READING COMPREHENSION (1)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

When you graduated from tricycle to bicycle as a kid, you probably weren't thinking too much about the health benefits of biking. But as an adult, cycling becomes a great low-impact exercise that can also take you places, wrapping a hobby, exercise, and commute all in one two-wheel package. Whether you're flying across the pavement through the fresh air or working up a sweat on a stationary bike in your home, there are many benefits of biking 30 minutes a day.

Exercising on the bike for at least 30 minutes a day will build up your cardiovascular and muscular endurance. By putting in consistent effort, you'll notice an improvement in your aerobic capacity, enabling you to bike longer or on more intense rides. You might also feel higher energy levels throughout the day, because exercise helps boost your overall **stamina**.

Getting your heart rate up doesn't have to be hard on your joints. Opposed to running, cycling gets your cardio done in a low impact way. The pedals and resistance take the pressure off of your knees and hips so you can focus on building muscular strength.

We all know bikes can be a little wobbly as you're starting and stopping. Riding an outdoor bike helps you gain balance and spatial awareness, and stabilizing the bike can strengthen your arms, core and legs. If you're working out on a stationary bike, riding out of the saddle helps train the stabilizer muscles in your legs to be strong. Ride in the saddle with high resistance, and you'll feel the burn all the way from your core to your calves.

You can make your bike ride as leisurely or as intense as you'd like. When using a stationary bike, you can do a high cycling class with moves that work your legs, core, and arms and keep **them** active and strong all in one 30-minute period. If you're riding outdoors, you can choose a challenging route that will break a sweat, or you can cruise on flat ground at an even pace and enjoy the scenery. Overall, even though it's one bike, you can mix it up so every day feels different.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

1. This text is mainly about:
 - a. the negative effects of riding bicycles.
 - b. the health benefits of biking.
 - c. the benefits of learning a foreign language.
 - d. the benefits of visiting museums.

2. The underlined word "stamina" in the 2nd paragraph is **closest** in meaning to:
- a. sleep
 - b. speed
 - c. intelligence
 - d. strength
3. The underlined word "them" in the 5th paragraph refers to:
- a. legs, core, and arms.
 - b. moves.
 - c. legs.
 - d. arms.
4. The purpose of the writer is:
- a. to make people exercise less.
 - b. to encourage people to bike more.
 - c. to sell more cars online.
 - d. to read more books and newspapers.
5. According to the passage, which of the following sentences is **NOT TRUE**?
- a. Biking can improve mental and physical health.
 - b. Biking improves cardiovascular fitness.
 - c. Biking causes severe heart diseases.
 - d. Biking makes the muscles strong.

B. Answer the following questions:

6. How can a person build up his cardiovascular and muscular endurance?

.....
.....

7. What effects does riding an outdoor bike have on the mind and the body?

.....
.....

8. How long should a person ride a bike to become fit and healthy?

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.....

9. How does cycling benefit the knees?

.....
.....

GRADE 12
READING COMPREHENSION (2)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Technology has endowed us with lots of gadgets aimed at making life easy. One innovative product is the drone. Drones have numerous uses and applications. You might be probably thinking about wedding photography, well, they are also used in the agricultural industry, real estate, sport and in security surveillance. Many things have influenced their utilization in these areas. Here are some of the main reasons drones are becoming popular by the day.

Technology and innovations are all about making life easier. As such, drones offer an easy and direct to most some challenges. This has made them very adaptable. Moreover, setting up and operating the drone is simple and direct for anyone. It only takes a couple of minutes before you can have it roaming.

Most people are obsessed with something they can easily pick up and travel with. Photographers in particular are always on the go either on **freelancing** projects or when working with a client. With a drone, you can keep the worries of carrying huge luggage when you travel because they can be easily carried around. Moreover, drones are ideal if the photographer intends to cover a large area.

With competing manufacturers trying to make a sale, no one can afford to compromise on quality. As such, most drones manufactured today are very reliable and effective. They can help you capture high definition shots from almost anywhere. Moreover, you do not expect them to fall off without passing a warning. In addition, if you are looking for a secretive way of doing some surveillance, drones can help you on that.

The benefits of drones can apply perfectly to wildlife photography. Some places are inaccessible or dangerous to a photographer. For instance, capturing a volcano or the events in a lion's den could be impossible without drones because of the dangers they may pose. Areas like these can be studied and monitored easily thanks to these innovative gadgets. Besides photography, **they** can also be employed when responding to a disaster or a natural calamity. Overall, drones have remarkably added new dimensions to the world of photography as well as many other domains.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

1. This text is mainly about:
 - a. the problems faced by photographers.
 - b. the advantages of travelling abroad.
 - c. the advantages of using drones in photography.
 - d. the use of computers by photographers.

2. The underlined word "**freelancing**" in the 2nd paragraph is **closest** in meaning to:
 - a. taking photographs
 - b. recording videos
 - c. working for a company
 - d. self-employing
3. The underlined word "**they**" in the 5th paragraph refers to:
 - a. places.
 - b. drones.
 - c. dangers.
 - d. dimensions.
4. The purpose of the writer is:
 - a. to explain the benefits of using drones in photography.
 - b. to encourage photographers to sell their cameras.
 - c. to shed the light on the high prices of drones.
 - d. to draw attention to the dangers of drones.
5. According to the passage, which of the following sentences is **NOT TRUE**?
 - a. Drones are ideal gadgets for photographers.
 - b. Drones are easy to carry and very efficient.
 - c. Drones are varied and reliable.
 - d. Drones can put photographers' lives at risk.

B. Answer the following questions:

6. According to the passage, in which domains are drones mainly used?

.....
.....

7. What advantage does a drone offer to a travelling photographer?

.....
.....

8. What are the most important features of a drone?

.....
.....

9. Why do drones apply perfectly to wildlife photography?

.....
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